

A Computer Aided System for brain-MRI segmentation

SEGWARE

Health Care & Biomedical Devices

ABSTRACT

• The idea is to develop a simple software for segmenting various crucial regions of a human brain from the MRIs. Inspired by the very recent achievements of deep concatenated and residual neural networks in medical imaging on account of dominance over the traditional method which was possible with the advent of efficient Graphics Processing Unit(GPU) - accelerated networks, our proposal will be based on 2 pre-trained DNNs, one for brain MRI segmentation of brain fluids, and another one for tumors. The python libraries PyQT and PyQTGraph will be used for developing the GUI and visualizing the brain MRI images.



WHAT IS SEGWARE

- Segware consists of two parts:
- ❖ Core Logic: Data loader, Data pre-processing, Deep learning model, segmentation prediction and result visualization will be some of the modules.
- ❖ PyQtGUI: It contains UI options for loading the 3D MRI data of modalities T1, T2, T1c, FLAIR and IR, visualizing it in various plane views of brain (transverse, coronal and sagittal) with other controls for zooming in and out, dragging, contrast, etc. It also has feature to view data slice-wise with "next" and "preview" buttons along with a slider to comfortably set the values in all the 3 planes. The segmented data can then be saved for future reference.



Segentation of:

- Brain Tumour
- Cortical gray matter
- Basal ganglia
- White matter lesions
- White matter
- Cerebrospinal fluid in the extracerebral space
- Ventricles
- Cerebellum
- Brain stem

FEATURES OF SEGWARE

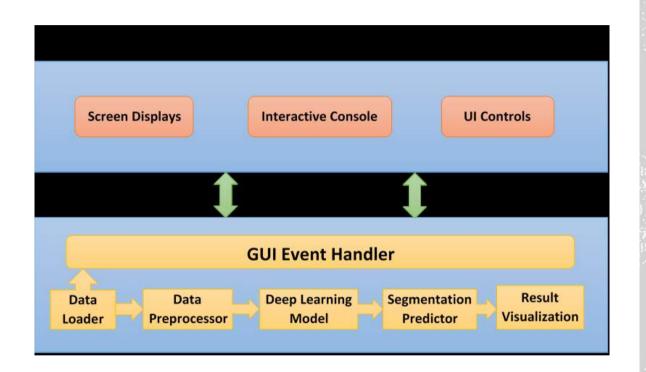
- Functional Features:
- 1. MRI File Support of several modalities (.nii, .mha)
- 2. Input visualization
- 3. Preprocessing
- 4. Deep learning algorithm support
- 5. Output visualization

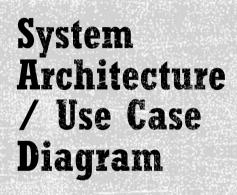


FEATURES OF SEGWARE (...CONTINUED)

- Non-functional Features:
- 1. Input/output responsiveness
- 2. Runtime stability
- 3. Help and support documentation
- 4. Ease of use
- 5. Cross-OS compatibility









Development Phases:

- * Phase 1: Training the DNN models on standard datasets. (This is one of the show stopper due to time and resource limitations. So we propose to use our pre-trained models.)
- Phase 2: PyQt5 GUI development
- Phase 3: Creating modules for GUI event handlers
- Phase 4: Adding more controls and features to GUI application
- Phase 5: Final testing, validation and bug fixing
- Phase 6: Making installer, deploying and packaging of application file for submission
- Phase 7: Final presentation

Technology stack used

- Python 3
- GUI: PyQt, a python library.
- **Data loader:** MedPy library will be used to load MRI data.
- Data preprocessing techniques: Mean-centering, normalization and N4ITK bias-field correction. NumPy and SimpleITK libraries will be used.
- Deep learning model: Below are the deep learning models from our research projects (For more details please saee to point number 4 in showstopper)
- **Tumor segmentation:** modified LinkNet or m-LinkNet will be used which is already trained on BraTS'15 dataset.
- Brain Fluids segmentation: IResUnet model will be used here. This was trained on MRBrainS dataset of neonatal brains.
- **Segmentation Predictor:** Keras with Tensorflow backend will be used as the framework for segmentation by the above models.
- Result visualization: PyQtGraph is the library used for visualizing MRI data.



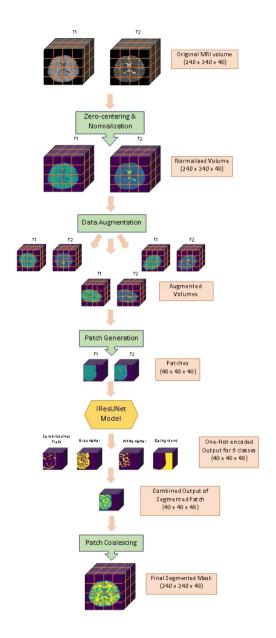
BACKEND



MODELS

- Brain Fluids Segmentation IResUnet CNN Model
- Brain Tumor Segmentation mLinknet CNN Model

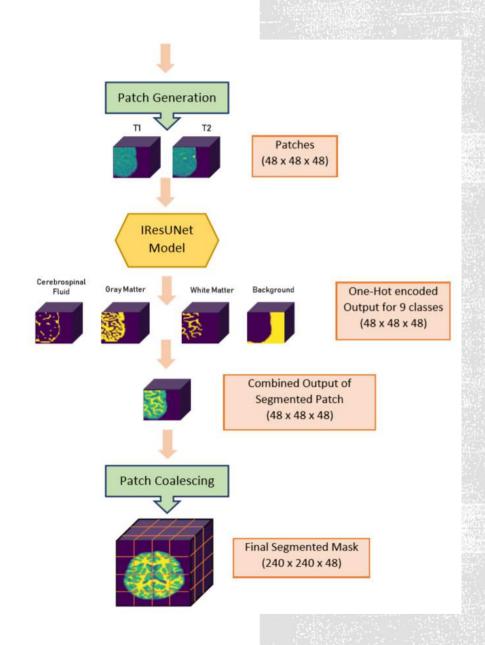




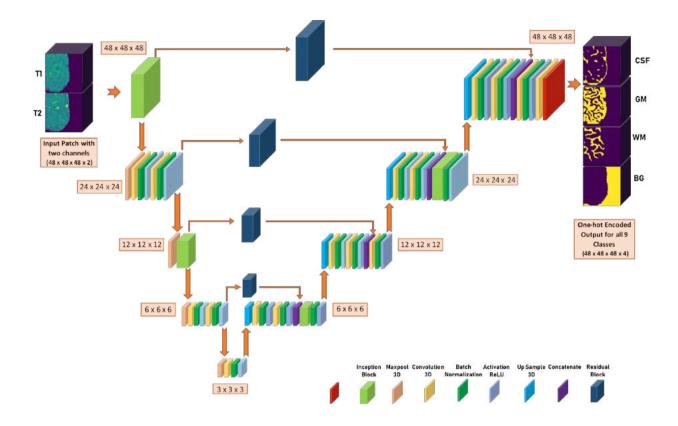
BRAIN FLUIDS SEGMENTATION — IRESUNET — BLOCK DIAGRAM



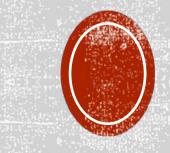
BRAIN FLUIDS SEGMENTATION — IRESUNET — BLOCK DIAGRAM (...CONTINUED)

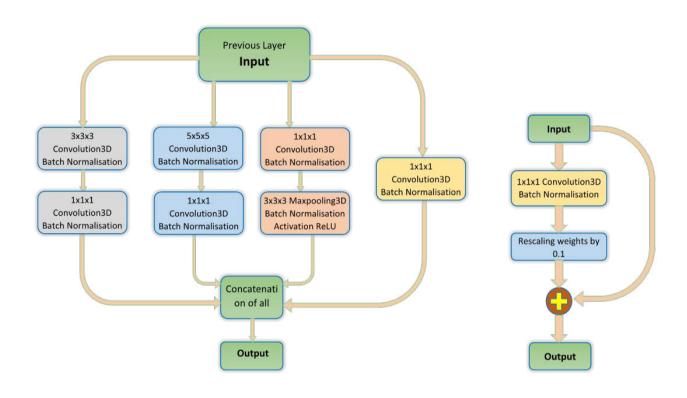






ARCHITECTURE





INCEPTION AND RESIDUAL BLOCK (MODIFIED)

NOVELTY

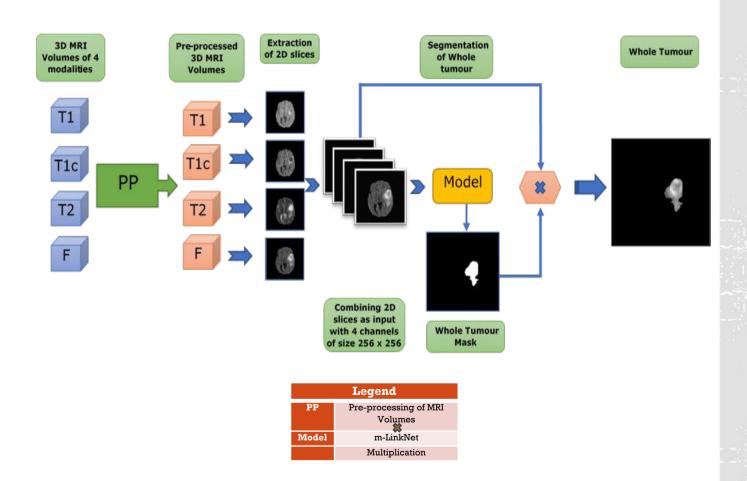
- ❖Influenced by U-net3D, this work aims to overcome some of its shortcomings.
- *To prevent the vanishing effect of feature maps in deep networks and to increase the flexibility in choosing the various kernel sizes, we replaced the skip connections with residual modules and upgraded some layers by incorporating inception layers.
- *Selection of the input dimension by segregating the MRI volume into smaller 3D patches significantly reduced the training time as well as the number of learning parameters.



Class	Dice-score
1	.8171
2	.7001
3	.8043
4	.8746
5	.8031
6	.9224
7	.8944
8	.8461

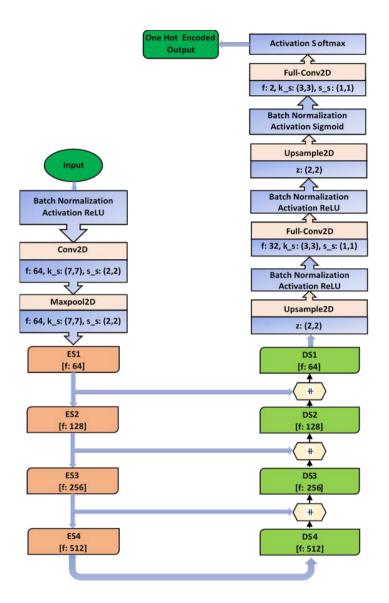
RESULTS





BRAIN TUMOR SEGMENTATION — MLINKNET — BLOCK DIAGRAM

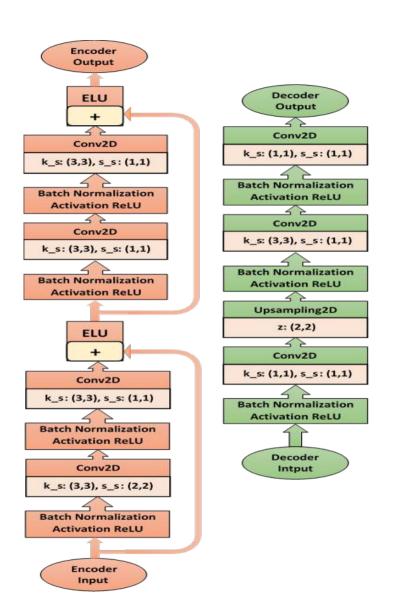




Legend				
f	Number of Filters			
k_s	Kernel size			
s_s	Strides			
z	Up sampling size			
#	Concatenate			
Full- Conv2D	Fully connected convolution 2D			
Conv2D	Convolution 2D			
ES	Encoder segment			
DS	Decoder segment			

ARCHITECTURE





Legend				
f	Number of Filters			
k_s	Kernel size			
s_s	Strides			
Z	Up sampling size			
#	Concatenate			
Full- Conv2D	Fully connected convolution 2D			
Conv2D	Convolution 2D			
ES	Encoder segment			
DS	Decoder segment			

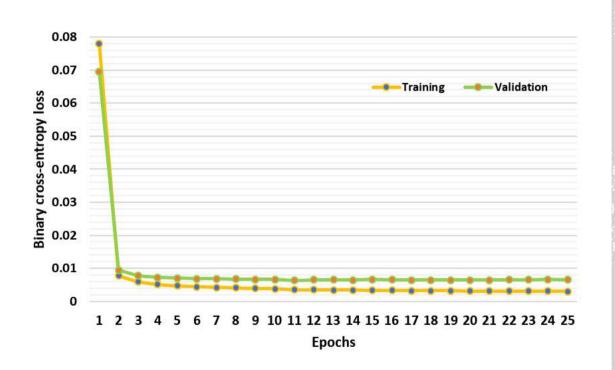
ENCODER-DECODER SEGMENTS



NOVELTY

- *Removal of blank data helped us reducing the training time
- Batch Normalization
- Concatenate layers instead of Add layers
- Softmax in final layer to get probabilistic output which further helped to evaluate Categorical cross-entropy.
- Changed Filter size in Encoder and Decoder segments to match our inputs and outputs
- Dropouts with probability 0.2 after each segment to prevent overfitting



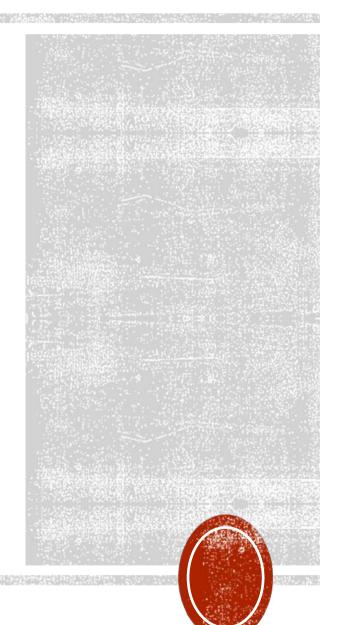


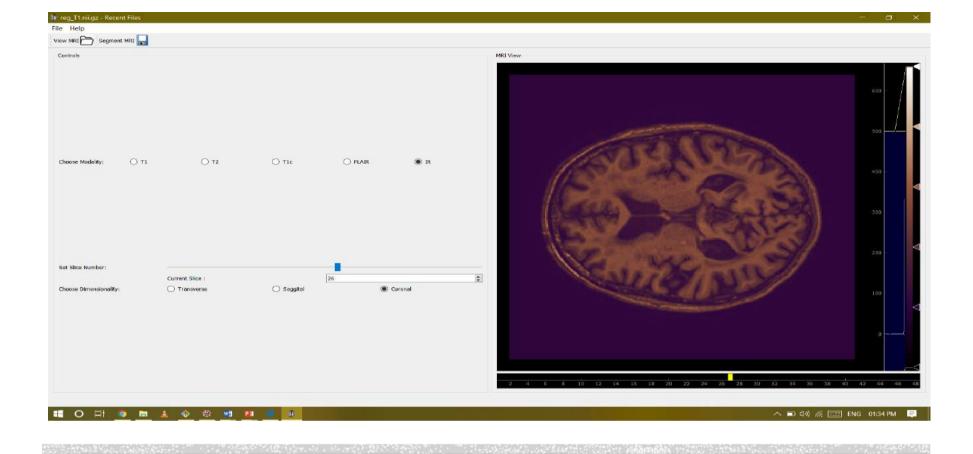
TRAINING AND VALIDATION PLOTS OF CROSSENTROPY



	DSC	Tanimoto Coefficent		Precisio n
Tumor	0.9405	0.8877	0.9315	0.9498







THE GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE

FEATURES OF SEGWARE

• The software contains two major sections:

- MenuBar and toolbar
- Layout(containing control unit and PyQtgraph)

• MenuBar:

- It contains FileMenu, HelpMenu. Under file menu we have :
 - View to load and view T1, T2, T1c, Flair and IR data
 - Open last closed
 - Open recently closed files
 - Segment
 - Save segmented MRI and Mask
 - Exit

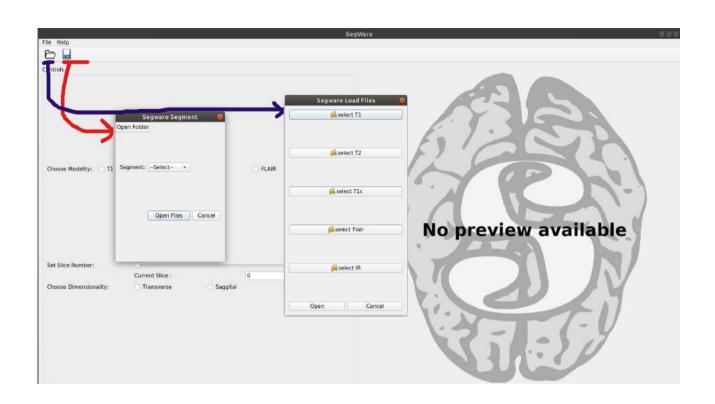


FEATURES OF SEGWARE

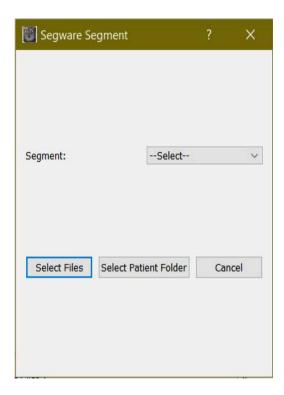
• HelpMenu:

- About -contains software information
- Tutorial-It contains tutorial for using the software for user reference
- **Layout**: It contains the controls to perform various operations like
 - Choose modality,
 - Slider to set slide number,
 - Choose Dimentionality i.e Transverse, Saggital, Coronal

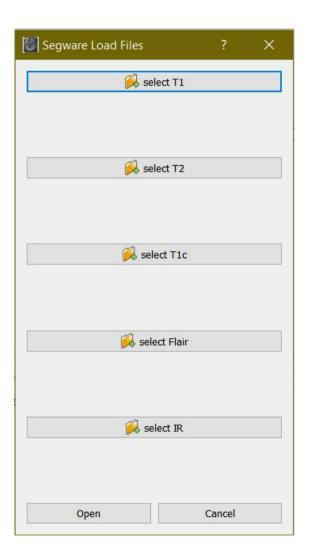




TOOLBAR



SEGMENT TOOL



VIEW TOOL

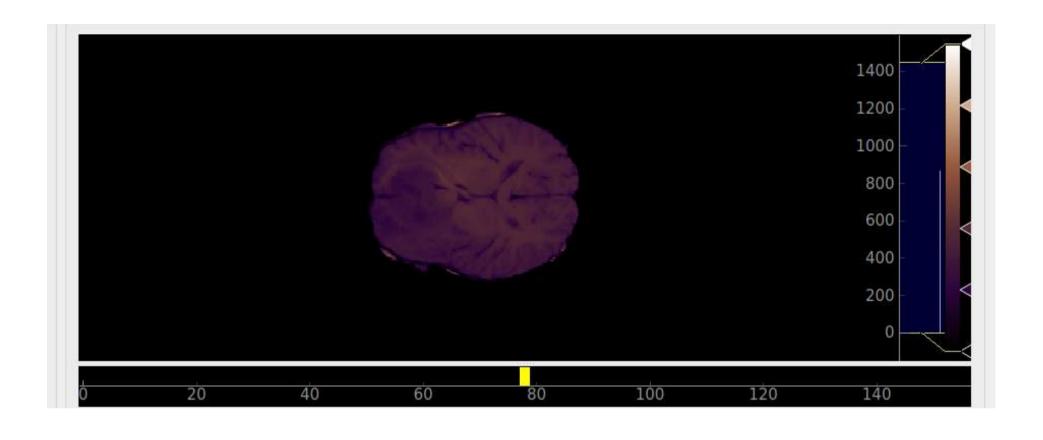




CONTROLS

- MRI view: it is used to load and view t1,t2,t1c,flair,ir
- <u>Mask view</u>: It displays the mask view after performing segmentation.
- <u>Segmental view</u>: It displays the segmentation view which is the product of MRI view and mask view





MRI VIEW





60 100 80 Save

MASK VIEW





SEGMENTED VIEW





- 1. The BraTS'15 dataset, the standard tumor segmentation dataset contain all the 4 modalities, i.e. T1, T2, T1c and FLAIR, and MRBrains dataset, the standard CSF-GM-WM segmentation for brains contain data only 3 modalities, i.e. T1, FLAIR-T2 and IR. Therefore we will require a more uniform dataset of human brains. For now, these datasets can be used for the application. Once the uniform dataset with ground truth is available, a new model can be trained and deployed for industrial use.
- 2. The BraTS dataset contain MRI which are skull-stripped and of size 256 x 256 x 144 whereas MRBrains dataset is not skull-stripped and of size 240 x 240 x 48. Hence the MRIs should be of uniform dimensions and skull-stripped.
- 3. Training of models require high-end GPUs for fast computations and time of about 2-3 days.